Africa Unit III retake packet

1. Describe an unlimited government.
2. How are a parliamentary democracy and a presidential democracy different?
3. How is an absolute monarchy different from a constitutional monarchy?
4. Between an autocracy, oligarchy, and a democracy, in which type of government do citizens have the most power?
5. Between an autocracy, oligarchy, and a democracy, in which type of government do citizens have the least power?
6. Are a unitary government and an autocracy the same? If not, how are they different?
7. What is a federal government?
8. What is a confederation
9. What is a Theocracy?
10. What is an Oligarchy?
11. A Totalitarian or Authoritarian government is the same as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_type of government.
12. Besides a democracy, what is the term for a government the allows its citizens to participate in elections? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
13. Sudan’s main government does not have any smaller units of government that have any authority over the people of the country. This means the Sudan’s system of government is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ government.
14. Nigeria’s government is divided between central and regional authorities. This is an example of a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ system of government.
15. South Africa’s legislator is responsible for not only choosing the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , but they also write or pass the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the country.
16. In what type of government do the people wield (have) the most power? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
17. An absolute monarch and a dictator are both leaders in what type of government? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
18. In a parliamentary democracy the people’s role in government is to elect the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
19. A unicameral legislator is made up of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ legislative body(s) or house(s).
20. A governing agency that would not have any authority if it were not for its members sharing their power with it is what system of government?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
21. The US and South Africa both rely heavily on what industry?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. An economy that allows input from both the government and the people is called what?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. What type of government controlled Africa during Apartheid?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
3. What are the two types of democracies? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
4. What allows countries to do one thing most efficiently in order to trade for things they need? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
5. What is the word which means “two houses”? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
6. Most countries in the world have this type of economy?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
7. In what two ways can Africa can inprove its economies? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
8. The purpose of this group in west Africa is to develop stability and raise the standard of living/ Name this group?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
9. This is a limit on imported goods?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
10. Anything that blocks trade?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
11. This is needed so that countries with different currencies can trade with one another? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

33. This is a tax on imported goods.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

34 This stops trade with another country.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

35 The value that people bring to the workplace through education .\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

36 Most countries in the world have this type of economy.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

37 In this type of economy, the government controls all factors of production. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

38 To make one product better than anyone else. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

39 Anything that blocks trade \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

40 This can be money or products that help a business grow.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

41 Having this allows countries to trade with one another all over the world. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

42 This person takes all the risks to start his/her own business. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Part II Answer each question with details. (5 sentences)

43. Explain the reason why there are quotas on imported goods? ( Hint: what is the purpose?)

44. How does literacy rate impact a country’s national wealth? ( Explain both good and bad reasons)

45. Explain how the idea of supply and demand as well as scarcity impact the market?

46. Describe the governments of South Africa, Sudan , Nigeria, and Kenya today? Be sure to include what kind of government each has, and the citizen participation In each?